

CONFIDENTIAL.

**SELECTIONS**

FROM THE

**VERNACULAR NEWSPAPERS**

PUBLISHED IN THE PANJÁB,

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES, OUDH,

CENTRAL PROVINCES, CENTRAL INDIA, AND RÁJPÚTÁNA,

Received up to 13th June, 1887.

**POLITICAL.**

The *Oudh Akhbár* (Lucknow), of the 10th June, advertising Mahárája Dalíp Singh's going over to Russia, says that it is difficult to predict whether the measure will do harm to the British Government or not. There can, however, scarcely be two opinions that the Mahárája will not benefit by the foolish step he has taken. Indeed, he has himself courted his ruin, and his condition is sure to become worse and worse every day. He cannot do better than to return to his fealty to the British throne and apply to the British Government for pardon. If he thinks that it is impossible for him to return to England, he should pass the rest of his life in some country which is on friendly terms with the British Government.

Circulation,  
595 copies.

The *Oudh Punch* (Lucknow), of the 9th June, represents Russia as a griffin and Mahárája Dalíp Singh as placing himself under its wings. (The *Delhi Punch*, Lahore, of the 8th June, publishes a picture in which English Military Officers are represented as much frightened at the news of the Mahárája's going to Russia.)

Circulation,  
450 copies.

Circulation,  
500 copies.

The *A'siáb-i-Panjáb* (Lahore), of the 8th June, is surprised that Government has not yet taken any steps with a view to recovering Hospital Assistant Tafa-zul Husain and Afridis. Hospital Assistant Tafazul Husain from the Afridis who carried him away about four months ago. According to native ideas an indignity offered to a servant is equivalent to an indignity offered to the master. If Government does not, however, consider it worth while to send an expedition to punish the Afridis, at least it should get the Hospital Assistant released by paying the ransom demanded, which is only Rs. 100.

#### NATIVE STATES.

Circulation,  
200 copies.

The *Subodh Sindhu* (Khandwá), of the 8th June, says that Mahárája Holkar, Mahárája Gaekwar, and some other princes have gone to England to attend Her Majesty's Jubilee. Native Princes and the Jubilee celebration in England. The Nizám has sent an agent to represent him on the occasion ; while the Prince Minister of Gwalior has contributed Rs. 1,20,000 to the Imperial Institute in order to save young Sindhia the trouble and expense of a voyage to England. It is rumoured that Mahárája Gaekwar's European trip will cost him about a crore of rupees. Native chiefs will be put to these heavy expenses on account of the Jubilee, but the *Sindhu* doubts whether they will receive in return anything beyond empty titles. It would have been better if instead of uselessly spending money on their European visit they had remitted one year's taxes to their subjects. The Government of India should have also shown the same indulgence to its subjects in honour of the 50th anniversary of Her Majesty's accession to the throne. But far from exhibiting any generosity to the people, it expects them to celebrate such happy occasions in a suitable way, even though they should have to sell their kitchen utensils in order to meet the expense.

Circulation,  
165 copies.

The *Hindustán* (Ká'ákankar), in its issues of the 9th and 10th June, advertizing to the journeys of native princes to England in order

The same.

to be present at the celebration of Her Majesty's Jubilee, says that their English visit will involve great expenditure to them, and advises them to benefit as much as possible by their European travel. They should look at the great progress of education in Europe, and on their return home should take effectual measures to encourage the spread of education in their states. They should win the good will and sympathy of some influential Englishmen who would hereafter be ready to ventilate their grievances in England, and lay them before Parliament. Above all they should build some houses at a convenient place in London where Hindu visitors to England may live in ease and comfort.

The *Hindustán* (Kálákankar), of the 7th June, says that Nawáb Sultán Nawáz Jang, Acquittal of Nawáb Sultán Nawáz Jang by the Nizám. against whom serious charges had been brought in connection with the riots which occurred at Haidarabad during the mubarram two years ago, was found guilty by the Commission, which was appointed to enquire into the matter, but that the Nizám has acquitted the Nawáb. The *Hindustán* does not approve of the action of the Nizám, saying that it smacks of partiality, and is an insult to the Commission. If he had no desire to punish the accused, he should not have appointed the Commission.

The *Márwár Gazette* (Jodhpur), of the 6th June, is glad to say that Mahárája Pratáp Singh, Education in Jodhpur, the Prime Minister of Jodhpur, takes great interest in education, and that the Department of Public Instruction in the State has made much progress in his time. Five boys of the Jodhpur High School appeared at the Entrance Examination this year, of whom four were successful.

The *Jaipur Gazette*, of the 8th June, is glad to say that Education in Jaipur. the present management of the Jaipur College is good. This year the College sent five boys to the Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University, all of whom passed—one in the first.

Circulation,  
130 copies.

Circulation,  
100 copies.

division and the others in the second. Two candidates competed in the First Arts Examination, of whom one was successful. Arrangements have been made for the boys of the College competing at the Anglo-Vernacular Middle Class Examination in the future, and inspectors have been appointed for the inspection and supervision of schools in the State outside the capital.

#### GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.

Circulation,  
350 copies.

**The Siráju-l-Akhbár** (Jhelam), of the 6th June, is glad to say that it appears from the Proposed raising of the Lahore Chief Court to the *Af'âb-i-Panjab* newspaper that the status of a High Court. question of raising the Lahore Chief Court to the position of a High Court is at present engaging the attention of Government. This is as it should be. The Chief Court is quite unable to cope with the increase in work. An idea of the arrears of work in the court may be formed from the circumstance that suits filed at present will come on for hearing in 1889. Obviously nothing can be more unsatisfactory than such a great delay in the administration of justice. Though the Panjab is below Bombay and the North-Western Provinces in population, it exceeds them in area. Moreover, it being a frontier province, an improvement in the administration of justice there is the more necessary. Under these circumstances the *Akhbár* hopes Government will soon raise the Chief Court to the footing of a High Court and increase the number of Judges.

Circulation,  
400 copies.

Exclusion of natives from higher posts in the Forest Department in the Central Provinces.

**The Nyâya Sudhâ** (Harda), of the 8th June, in an article giving an account of the number and salaries of the different classes of Government officials in the Central Provinces, complains that in the Forest Department all the higher posts are held by Europeans. The Conservator, the eight Deputy Conservators, and the eight Assistant Conservators of Forests are all Europeans: only the five Sub-Assistant Conservatorships have been bestowed on natives. The maintenance of such invidious distinctions of race is not very creditable to the British Government, which prides itself on its justice and impartiality.

The same paper gives a brief account of the case of Lachman Prasád, Abkári Contractor in the  
Case of Lachman Prasád,  
Abkári Contractor, Mandla,  
Central Provinces.

Mandla district, who was unjustly sentenced to two days' imprisonment by the Deputy Commissioner, and then subjected to great indignities by the police and jail officials, and publishes the final orders—strongly censuring the conduct of all the officers concerned—passed by the Government of India in the case. The *Sudhá* regrets to say that instances of such official high-handedness frequently occur in the Central Provinces, and asks Government always to punish guilty officers in order to check the evil.

The *Azad* (Lucknow), of the 10th June, complains that

Mismanagement of Muhammadan religious endowments in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

Muhammadan religious endowments in these provinces are not generally managed properly by the trustees, and that the trustees, as a rule, consider the endowments as their own property, and expend the income as they please. The Local Government should appoint a committee to enquire into and report on all such endowments, and then it should make proper arrangements for their management.

Circulation,  
240 copies.

The *Hindustán* (Kálákankar), in its issues of the 5th and

Increase of drunkenness.

7th June, quotes the remarks of Arch-deacon Farrar about the increase of drunkenness in this country under British rule, and endeavours to show that the present Abkári system, which has placed liquor within easy reach of the people, is responsible for the evil.

Circulation,  
165 copies.

The *Panjáb Punch* (Lahore), of the 9th June, represents

India and the British Government.  
Law.

Circulation,  
80 copies.

The *Almora Akhbár*, of the 6th June, in an article communicated by Bachrám Pant, Postmaster at Bagesar, Kumaun, complains that in Kumaun lepers mingle freely with healthy

Circulation,  
85 copies.

persons, and even bathe at the same places as the latter, and that consequently leprosy and other skin diseases are sure to spread in the district. The writer thinks that Government has before now issued orders to the effect that either lepers should be kept at out-of-the-way places by their guardians or they should be sent to leper asylums.

#### EDUCATION.

Circulation,  
315 copies.

The *Delhi Punch* (Lahore), of the 8th June, complains that Mr. Larpent, Registrar of the Panjab University, has brought the institution, which is a good monument of the generosity of the Panjab nobility, into great disrepute by his misbehaviour. May God punish him. His management of the University Examinations in 1886 is well known. This year large amounts of money appear to have been paid and received as bribes in connection with the examinations. Serious charges were brought against Mr. Larpent by candidates before the Committee appointed to enquire into the examination frauds. He was unable to give a satisfactory explanation and tendered his resignation. The Committee did not accept his resignation and asked him to answer the charges. The unjust partiality shown to him by the *Civil and Military Gazette* and Mr. Rattigan cannot be too deeply regretted. The *Punch* is of opinion that if Mr. Larpent is unable to answer the charges, he should be criminally prosecuted. The examinations should be held again, and Mr. Larpent should be required to pay damages to the candidates.

Circulation,  
500 copies.

The *Aftab-i-Panjab* (Lahore), of the 10th June, says that the Committee appointed to enquire into the examination frauds in the Panjab has come to the conclusion that there is reason to think that Mr. Larpent supplied copies of questions to candidates for the legal examination on their giving him bribes, and has recommended his suspension. Hearing of the Committee's recommendation he tendered his resignation. In accordance with Mr. Rattigan's suggestion the Committee decided to

lay its report and Mr. Larpent's resignation both at once before the Senate. It is beyond doubt that Mr. Larpent's connection with the University will soon cease. It remains to be seen, however, whether he will be dismissed or whether he will be allowed to resign. The Senate must now be greatly regretting the loss of the services of Dr. Leitner. There could hardly be a greater friend and well-wisher of the University than he. The *Aftab* suggests that the Senate should again offer the Registrarship to him, and says that he would soon be able to restore the University to its former good fame.

The *Najm-i-Akhbar* (Etawah), of the 4th June, says Musalmans and the that this year 3,317 candidates succeeded in passing the Entrance Examination. of the Calcutta University, of whom 241 were Musalmans. Though the number of the Muhammadan boys was still very small, it was much greater than before, and shows an increasing desire for education among the Muhammadan community. Musalmans should not, however, be content to give instruction to their boys up to the middle class or the Entrance standard, but should give them high education.

Circulation,  
180 copies.

#### LOCAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

The *Koh-i-Nur* (Lahore), of the 7th June, states, on the authority of a correspondent who paid a visit to Hardwár at the time of the late Dasahra fair, that the gathering was unusually large this year, and enjoyed complete immunity from sickness. A great Hindu religious congress assembled at Kankhal on the occasion, in which learned Brahmins and respectable Hindus from distant parts of the country took part. Colonel Olcott attended the congress, which held its meetings from the 29th May to 1st June, and discussed important questions connected with the promotion of the orthodox Hindu religion and the welfare of the Hindu community. Among other things it was resolved to encourage religious instruction among Hindu boys.

Circulation,  
450 copies.

and stimulate loyalty among the Hindu community to the British Government. On the 3rd June a large meeting was held at Brahma Kund, where the rites of worship of the Ganges were first performed, and then prayers were offered for Her Majesty's long life and prosperity, and a Sanskrit address congratulating the Empress on her Jubilee was handed to the District Magistrate, who was present on the occasion, for transmission to her. As the address will not reach England on the Jubilee day, a congratulatory telegram was sent to Her Majesty in anticipation. Moreover, the congress resolved to provide the Brahma Kund pond with marble steps and an embankment of ordinary stone at a cost of two lakhs, which will be raised by public subscription, in honour of the Jubilee.

Circulation,  
100 copies.

Reduction of marriage and  
funeral expenses in the Pan-  
jab.

The *Anjuman-i-Panjáb* (Lahore), of the 5th June, is glad to say that an association has been formed at Batála, Gurdáspur, with a view to reducing the extravagant expenses incurred by natives on occasions of marriages and deaths in their families. Munshi Sher Singh, Munsif, the secretary of the association, has issued a report containing an account of the proceedings of that body. It would seem that a large meeting, attended by the Ját sardárs and chaudhris of Ludhiána, Jallandar, Firozpur, Amritsar, Hoshiarpur, Siáikot, and Gurdáspur, was held at Batála on the 28th March last—Mr. Perkins, retired Commissioner, presiding. Colonel Gordon Young, Commissioner of Jallandar, and Mr. Dane, Deputy Commissioner of Gurdáspur, were also present; Mr. Coldstream, Commissioner of Lahore, was unavoidably absent owing to illness, but sent Rs. 25 as a donation to the fund of the association. Mr. Perkins and Colonel Gordon Young addressed the meeting urging a reduction in the marriage and funeral expenses. A schedule fixing the expenses on a reduced scale was adopted by the meeting, and immediately signed by a large number of people who favoured its adoption. The schedule is published *in extenso* by the *Anjuman-i-Panjáb*.

The *Shâhna-i-Hind* (Meerut), of the 8th June, in a Hindu temple built near the railway station at Meerut by one Lâla Râmsaran Dâs.

Circulation,  
180 copies.

supplement lithographed in golden letters on marble paper, gives an account of the feasts and festivities held at Meerut on the occasion of the opening and consecration of the temple, which Lâla Râmsaran Dâs has built near the railway station there for the convenience of Hindus. On the 28th May, the Lâla fed no less than seventy or eighty thousand persons.

The *Azâd* (Lucknow), of the 10th June, is surprised that the Municipal Committee of Lucknow has not yet obtained any fire-engines.

Circulation,  
240 copies.

## LIST OF NEWSPAPERS EXAMINED.

15	<i>Imdad-i-Akhbar</i>	Badún	... Badún	... May 28th
16	<i>Injuman-i-Hind</i>	Lucknow	... Lucknow	... June 4th
17	<i>Injuman-i-Panjab</i>	Láhore	... Láhore	... Amir Shah
18	<i>Kasid</i>	Lucknow	... Lucknow	... Ahmed Álf
19	<i>Bazar Itwan</i>	Bareilly	... Bareilly	... Rám Kirshu Varmá,
20	<i>Darzah-i-Qaisar</i>	Rámpur	... Rámpur	... Thákur Prasad
21	<i>Darzah-i-Standard</i>	Multán	... Multán	... Muhammad Hussain
22	<i>Dánish-i-Hind</i>	Láhore	... Láhore	... Bází Náth
23	<i>Dehlí Punch</i>	"	... "	... Faizul-I-dín
24	<i>Dharm Koun</i>	"	... "	... Brahma Dás
25	<i>Ghasikhvad-i-Hind</i>	Alláhbád	... Alláhbád	... Maháráj Kishan
26	<i>Gurmukh M Akhbar</i>	Kálíkankar...	... Kálíkankar...	... Lehná Singh
27	<i>Hans-i-Hind</i>	Farrukhnagar,	... Farrukhnagar,	... Sadarul-din
28	<i>Hindustán</i>	Jaipur	... Jaipur	... Bází Ramgopal Singh
29	<i>Jain Pratésh</i>	Morádábád	... Morádábád	... Jiyá Lál
30	<i>Jalpur Gazette</i>	Parrukhnagar,	... Parrukhnagar,	... Mahábir Prasad
31	<i>Jam-i-Jamehod</i>	Lucknow	... Lucknow	... Jamshed Álf
32	<i>Jin-i-Zil Frakish</i>	"	... "	... Jiyá Lál
33	<i>Jubilee Paper</i>	Hindi	... Hindi	... For June
34	<i>Kanya Kubj Prakash</i>	Urdú	... Urdú	... Bi-monthly
35	<i>Kirndmáh</i>	"	... "	... Monthly
36	<i>Kádehi Patrika</i>	Benares	... Benares	... Weekly
37	<i>Káyasth Samachar</i>	Alláhbád	... Alláhbád	... Monthly
38	<i>Khair Khush-i-Kash-</i> mir.	Láhore	... Láhore	... Weekly
39	<i>Khattrí Hickfri</i>	Agrá	... Agrá	... Monthly
40	<i>Khurshaid-i-Khalq</i>	Pilibhit	... Pilibhit	... Weekly
41	<i>Koh-i-Nér</i>	Láhore	... Láhore	... Tri-weekly
42	<i>Lahore Gazette</i>	"	... "	... Weekly
43	<i>Lambatw-i-Akhldq</i>	Bareilly	... Bareilly	... ...
361				
copies (including 343 copies taken by Government).				
225 copies.				
400				
" 10th & 11th,				
6th & 13th, " 9th				
100 " 11th				
150 " 11th				
200 " 10th				
240 " 9th				
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## List of newspapers examined—(continued).

No.	NAME.	LOCALITY.	LANGUAGE.	MONTHLY, WEEKLY OR OTHERWISE.	NAME OF PUBLISHER.	DATE OF PAPER.	CIRCULATION.
						1887.	1887.
44	Lytton Gazette	Delhi	Urdú	Bi-monthly	Bulqí Dás	June 8th	450 copies.
45	Hanrás Gasette	Jodhpur	Hindi-Urdú	Weekly	Gobardhan Dás	... 6th	180 "
46	Mashr-i-Qaisar	Luoknow	Urdú	...	Ghalam Muhammed,	" 7th	200 "
47	Mata-i-Nér	Cawnporé	"	...	Ditrás Prasad	" 4th	47 "
48	Mauj-i-Narbuddá	Hoshangabád,	"	...	Abdu-l-Karim	" 7th	300 "
49	Mawj-i-Zarafat	Rámpur	"	...	Ditto	" 11th	150 "
50	Mazlú kí Púllá	Bijnor	Hindi	...	Muhammad Rás	" 2nd	250 "
51	Mahr-i-Nárooz	Lájore	Urdú	...	Karimú-l-lah	" 7th	10th
52	Mástra Vídes	"	"	...	Mulkund Rám	" 6th	400 "
53	Mulkí Shuhídé	"	"	...	Faklú-l-dín	" 11th	1,725 "
54	Naygar-i-Assam	Morádábád	"	...	Amjad Ali	" "	180 "
55	Najm-u-l-Akhbar	Etawah	"	Bi-weekly	Káhu-l-lah Khán	" 4th & 8th	180 "
						" 7th & 12th	"
56	Najm-i-Hind	Morádábád	"	Weekly	Artár Krishn	May 31st	250 "
57	Náím-i-Agrá	Agrá	"	...	Junná Dás	June 7th	385 "
58	Náimat-i-Hind	Fatehpur	"	...	Shiva Naráyan	June 8th	11th
59	Náím-i-Jaunpur	Jaunpur	"	...	Muhammad Isháq	" 7th	50 "
60	Náím-i-Sáhar	Badaún	"	...	Intiás Ahmad	" 4th	175 "
61	Nizam-i-Mulk	Morádábád	"	...	Fahímú-l-dín	" 9th	100 "
62	Ner Ajshán	Ludhiana	"	...	Rev. C. B. Newton	" 8th	690 "
63	Néru-l-Anmá	Cawnporé	"	...	Abdu-l-Hamid	" 12th	308 "
64	Nuratu-l-Sunnat	Bénáres	"	...	Muhammad Said	" 11th	160 "
65	Nyéya Sudhá	Hárdá	"	Monthly	For December, '86,	" 7th	400 "
				Week	Básiudeva Bháskar	" 9th	"
					English.	" June 8th	"

	... Lucknow	... Urdu	... Daily	... Sheo Prasad	7th to 13th...		7th to 13th,		595 copies (including 94 copies taken by Government).		
					Weekly	Bi-weekly	May 18th & June 4th & 8th.	June 9th	8th & 13th,	7th & 11th,	450 copies
67	<i>Oudh Punch</i>	...	"	"	...	...	...	...	"	"	"
68	<i>Panjabi Akhbar</i>	...	Lahore	...	...	...	...	...	80	"	"
69	<i>Panjab Punch</i>	...	"	"	...	...	...	...	400	"	"
70	<i>Pate Khan</i>	...	"	"	...	...	...	...	365	"	"
71	<i>Patiala Akhbar</i>	...	<i>Patiála</i>	...	...	...	...	...	550	"	"
72	<i>Prayag Samachar</i>	...	Alláhábád	...	Gíndi	...	...	...	125	"	"
73	<i>Qaisar</i>	...	Jullundur	...	Urdu	...	...	...	175	"	"
74	<i>Qaisar-i-Hind</i>	...	Meerut	...	Urdu	...	...	...	400	"	"
75	<i>Rasiq-i-Akhbar</i>	...	Lahore	...	Urdu	...	...	...	200	"	"
76	<i>Rasif-i-Akhbar</i>	...	Beaura	...	Urdu	...	...	...	405	"	"
77	<i>Rashbar-i-Hind</i>	...	Lahore	...	Urdu	...	...	...	13th.	11th &	"
78	<i>Rajputana Gazette</i>	...	Ajmere	...	Urdu-Hindi	...	Murid Ali	...	381	"	"
79	<i>Rajn Prakash</i>	...	Batlam	...	Urdu	...	Míqhammad Abdu-l-Haq.	...	160	"	"
80	<i>Reformer</i>	...	Gurdaspur	...	Urdu	...	Shamsu-l-dín	...	480	"	"
81	<i>Kohilkhand Punch</i>	...	Morádábád	...	Hindi	...	Jamshed Ali	...	150	"	"
82	<i>Roishnah</i>	...	Lucknow	...	Urdu	...	Tegh Bahadur	...	113	"	"
83	<i>Sádiq-i-Akhbar</i>	...	Bahawalpur	...	Urdu	...	Dwárká Náth	...	250	"	"
84	<i>Safir-i-Am</i>	...	Bhupat	...	Hindi	...	Abdu-l-Wáhid	...	220	"	"
85	<i>Sahifa-i-Quds</i>	...	Delhi	...	Hindi	...	Muhammad 'Abdu-l-Qudús.	...	310	"	"
86	<i>Sajjan Kirti Sudhakar.</i>	...	Udaipur	...	Hindi	...	Bansí Dhar	...	160	"	"
87	<i>Sarosh-i-Benares</i>	...	Benares	...	Urdu	...	Wali Muhammad	...	350	"	"
88	<i>Shahjahanabád Punch</i>	...	Delhi	...	Hindi	...	Mír Hassan	...	250	"	"
89	<i>Shahna-i-Hind</i>	...	Meerut	...	Hindi	...	Ahmad Hassan	...	190	"	"
90	<i>Shula-i-Tar</i>	...	Cawnporé	...	Hindi	...	Jamná Prasad	...	95	"	"

*List of newspapers examined—(concluded).*

No.	Name.	Locality.	Language.	Monthly, Weekly or otherwise.	Name of Publisher.	Date of Paper.	Date of Receipt.	Circulation.
91	Siraj- <i>U-khabar</i>	Jhelam	Urdú	Weekly	Faqir Muhammad	June 6th	June 9th	350 copies.
92	Sudost Sindhu	Khandwa	Maráthí-Hindi	"	Lakshman Anant	" 8th	" 10th	200 "
93	Sukhad	Benares	Urdú	"	Sherif-i-dín	" 2nd	" 8th	200 "
94	Sardar-i-Qasid	Bimpur	"	"	Muhammad Raís	" 8th	" 13th	137 "
95	Yatnams	Lucknow	"	"	Purna Chaudhury	" 8th	" 11th	125 "
96	Tanqih-i-Hind	Muzerul	"	"	Sajid Hussain	" 8th	" 12th	200 "
97	Tanqih-i-Hind	Sialkot	"	"	Mirza Mawahid	April 10th & June 6th	" 10th & June 22	300 "
98	Tazkir-i-Kutub	"	"	"	Chaudhry Ahmad	June 1st	June 5th	175 "
99	Victoria Paper	"	"	Daily	Gyan Chaudhury	" 4th to 10th	" 7th to 18th	350 "
100	Yatn Dastur	Dhar	Maráthí	Weekly	Hari Bhisehar	" 9th	" 18th	120 "
101	Yatn-i-Afzam	Ghasipur	Urdú	"	Siraj-i-dín Ahmad	" 6th	" 10th	300 "

ALLAHABAD;  
2nd 18th June, 1887.

PRIYA DAS, M.A.;  
Govt. Reporter on the Verdaular Press of Upper India.



**[CONFIDENTIAL.]**

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FROM THE

**VERNACULAR NEWSPAPERS,**

Received up to 20th June, 1887.

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